



MIRABELenergy
Balancing energy supply and demand



DaWaK 2012

MIRABEL DW: MANAGING COMPLEX ENERGY DATA IN A SMART GRID

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1 CONTEXT

- Problems with renewable energy
- The MIRABEL project

2 CONTRIBUTIONS

3 MIRABEL DW SCHEMA

- Actors of European Electricity Market
- Timeseries
- Flexibility objects

4 ALTERNATIVE SCHEMA DESIGNS

- Experimental evaluation

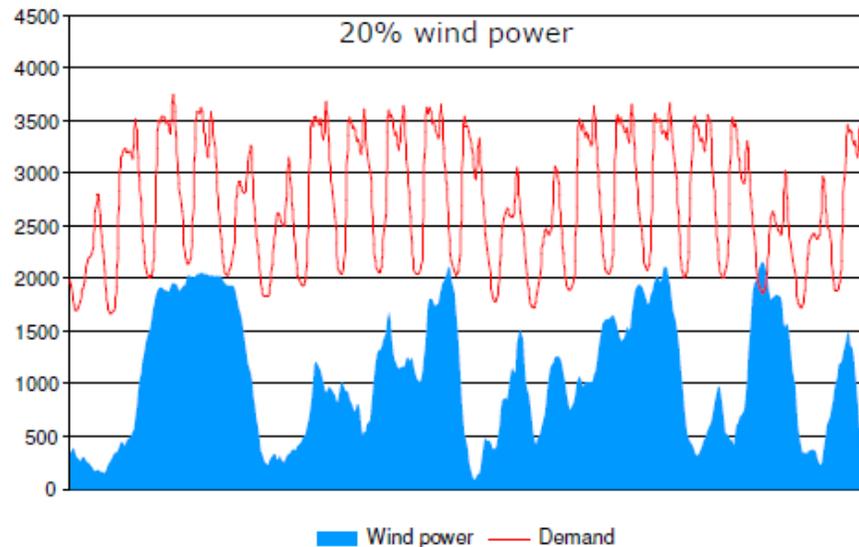
5 RESEARCH DIRECTIONS

6 CONCLUSION

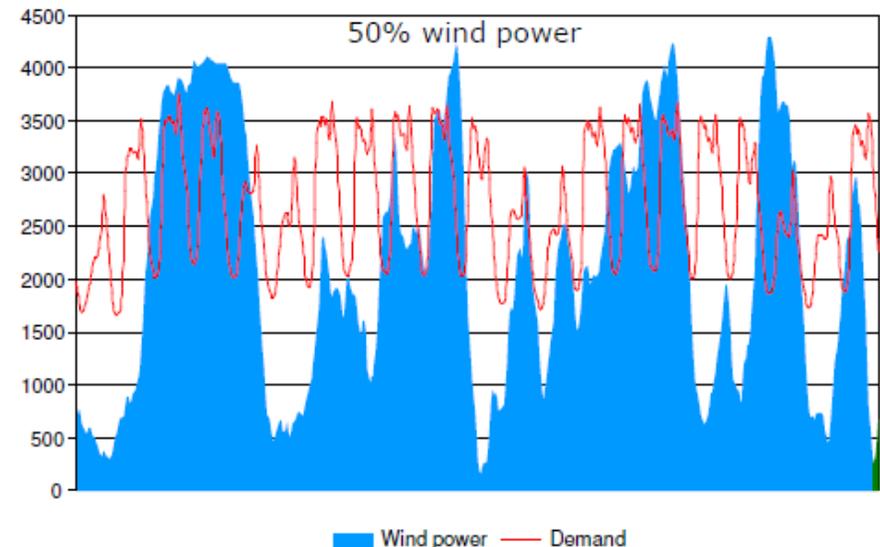
Renewable Energy

- More and more energy is produced from renewable energy sources, e.g., windmills
- The integration of renewable energy is challenging

Today (2008)



Tomorrow (2025)



MIRABEL project

- Design and prototype EDMS to balance supply and demand with the help of demand flexibilities

DEMAND IN A HOUSEHOLD

Non-flexible

- Lamp
- TV
- Computer
- Cooking Stove



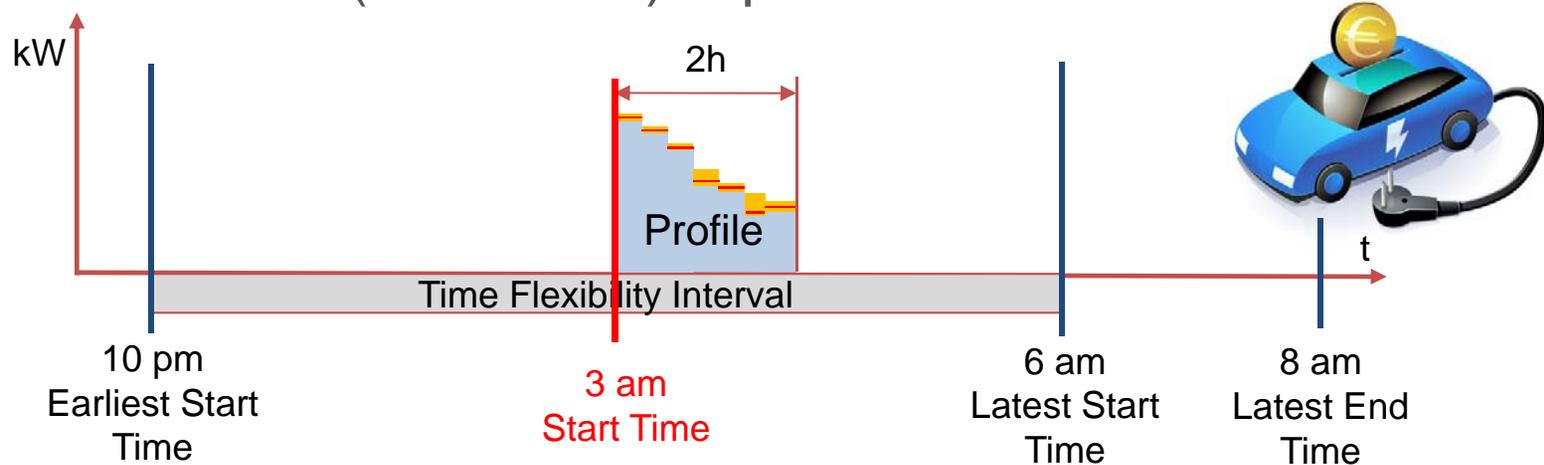
Flexible

- Refrigerator
- Air conditioner
- Dishwasher
- Electric vehicle

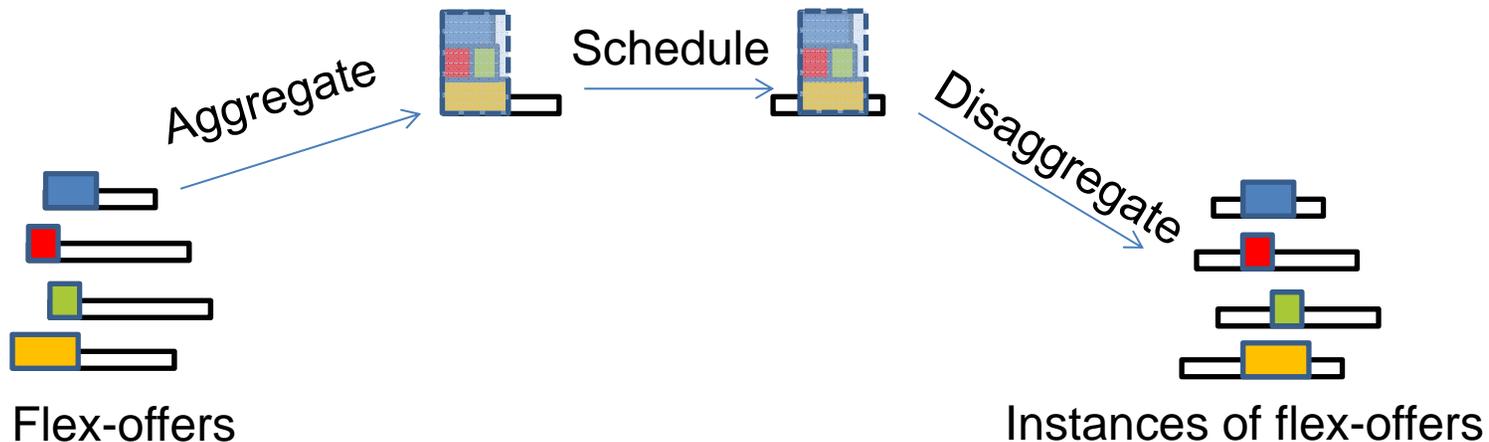


MIRABEL use-case

- Flexible offers (flex-offers) represent a flexible demand

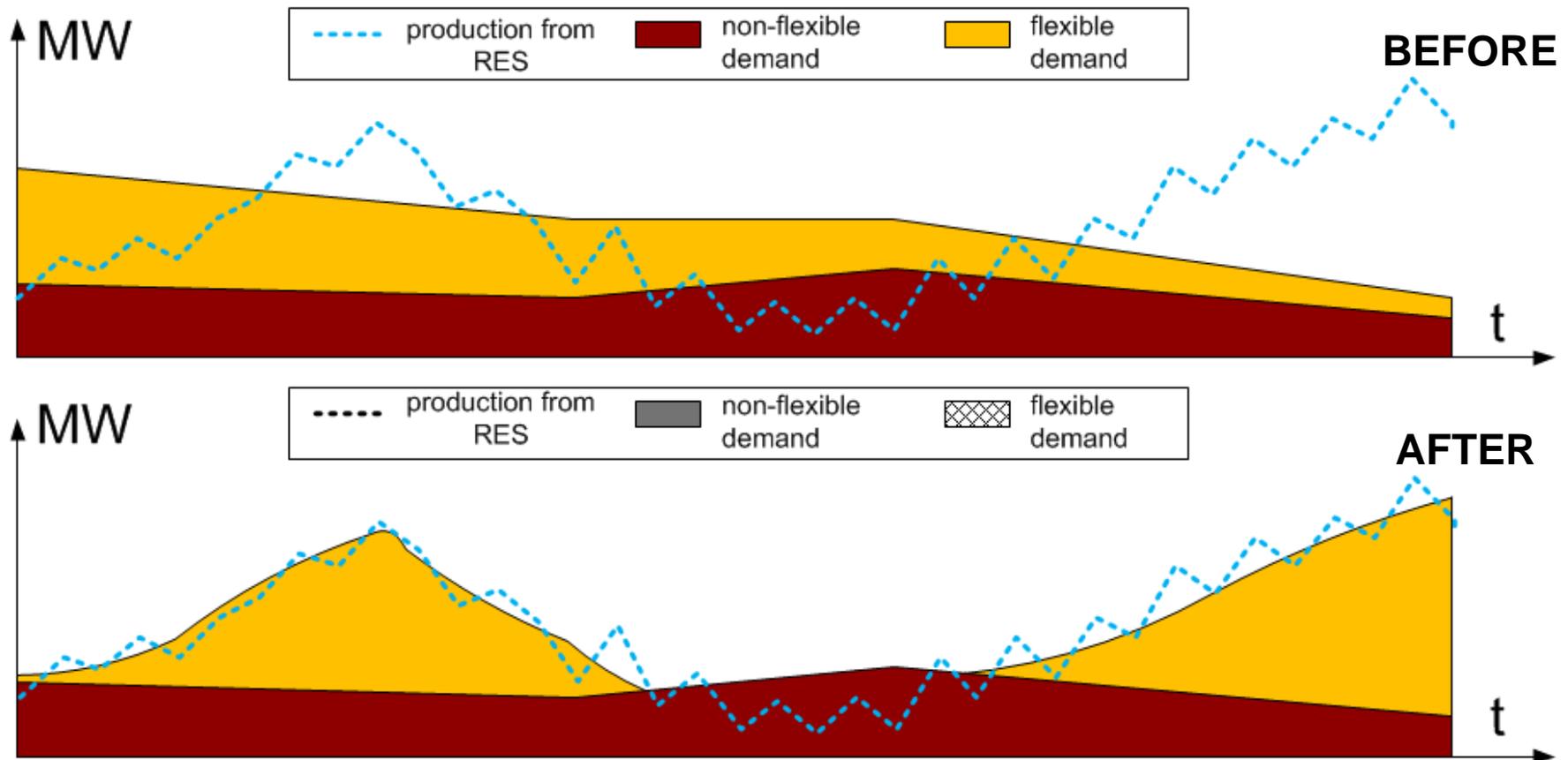


- Flex-offers are aggregated and scheduled to utilize renewable energy more efficiently

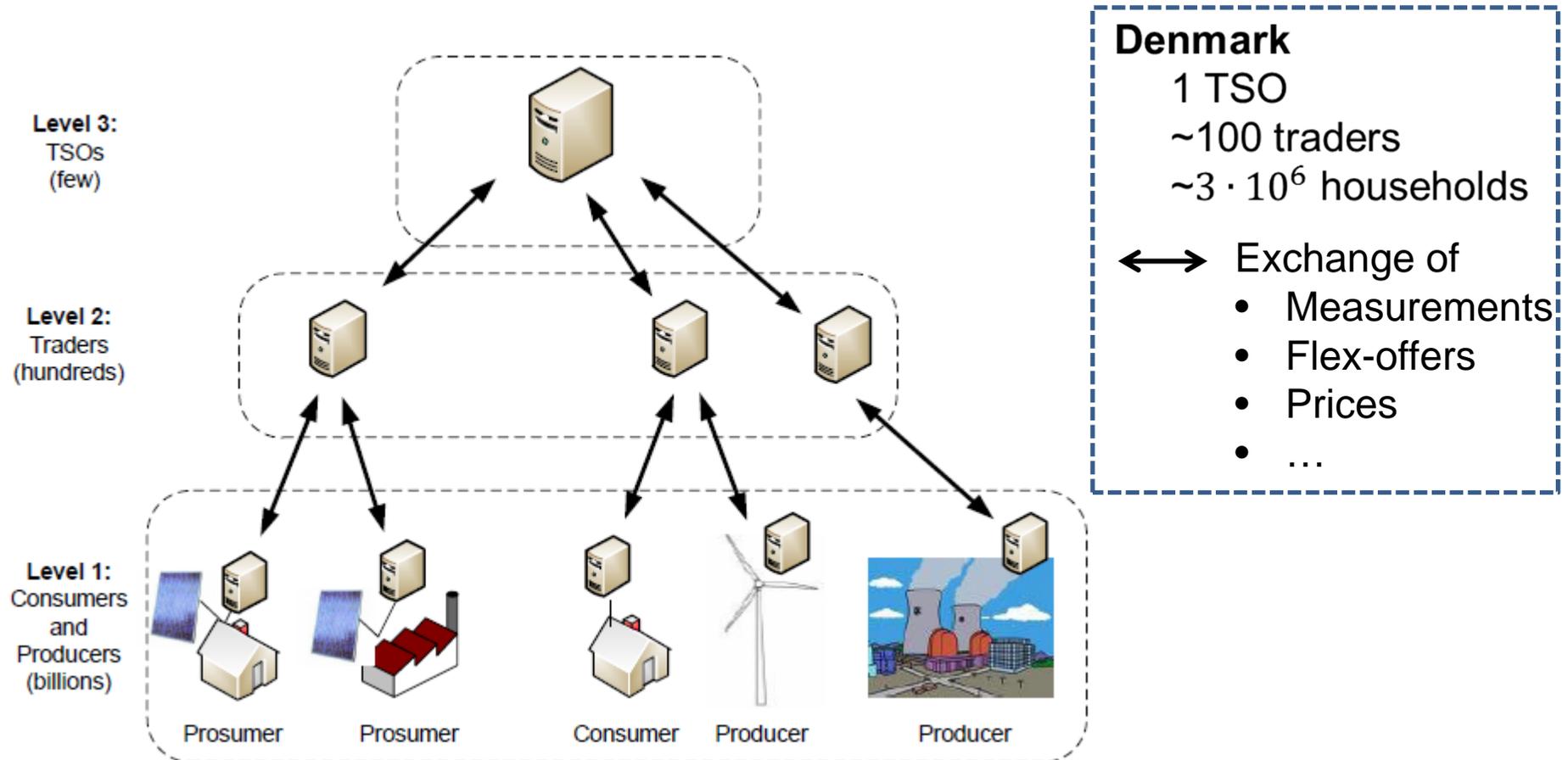


MIRABEL use-case

- Before and after the MIRABEL system balances the grid

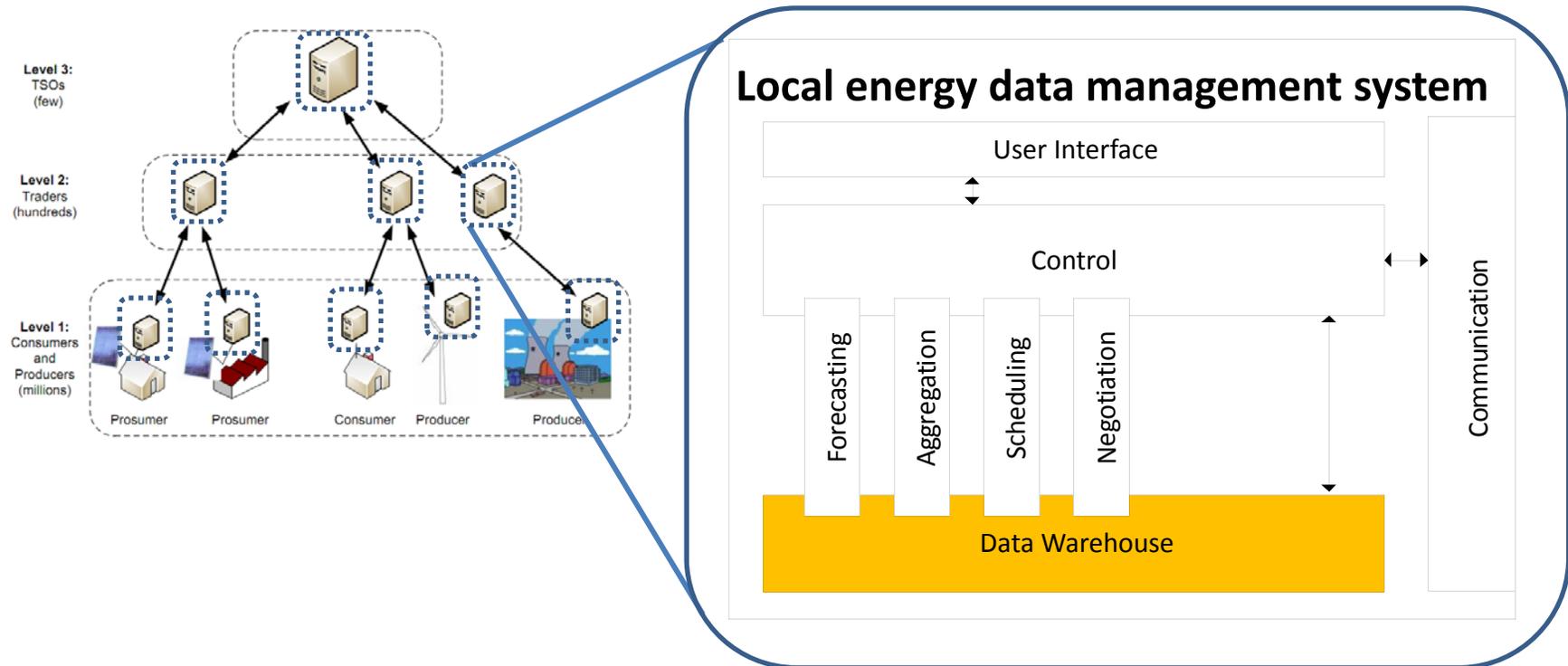


Hierarchical Energy Data Management System (EDMS)



- Reflect the harmonized model of European Electricity Market

EDMS NODE ARCHITECTURE



- A suitable DW schema is need for efficient data management!

In our paper we:

- Present a generic DW schema supporting all levels of the EDMS hierarchy
 - Discuss the complexities of the schema compared to traditional DW schemas
 - Discuss alternative data modeling strategies
 - Evaluate schema alternatives using typical queries from the MIRABEL project
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- More on the MIRABEL EDMS: “Data Management in the MIRABEL Smart Grid System”, EnDM 2012
 - More on the MIRABEL DW: “Real-time Business Intelligence in the MIRABEL Smart Grid System”, BIRTE 2012

MIRABEL DW schema

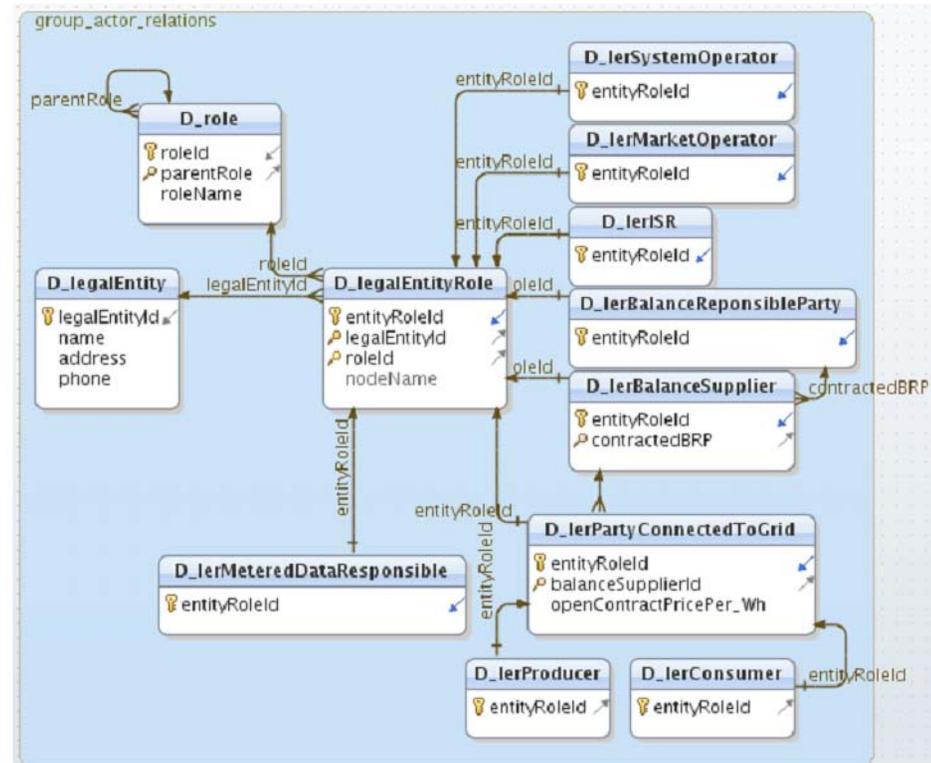
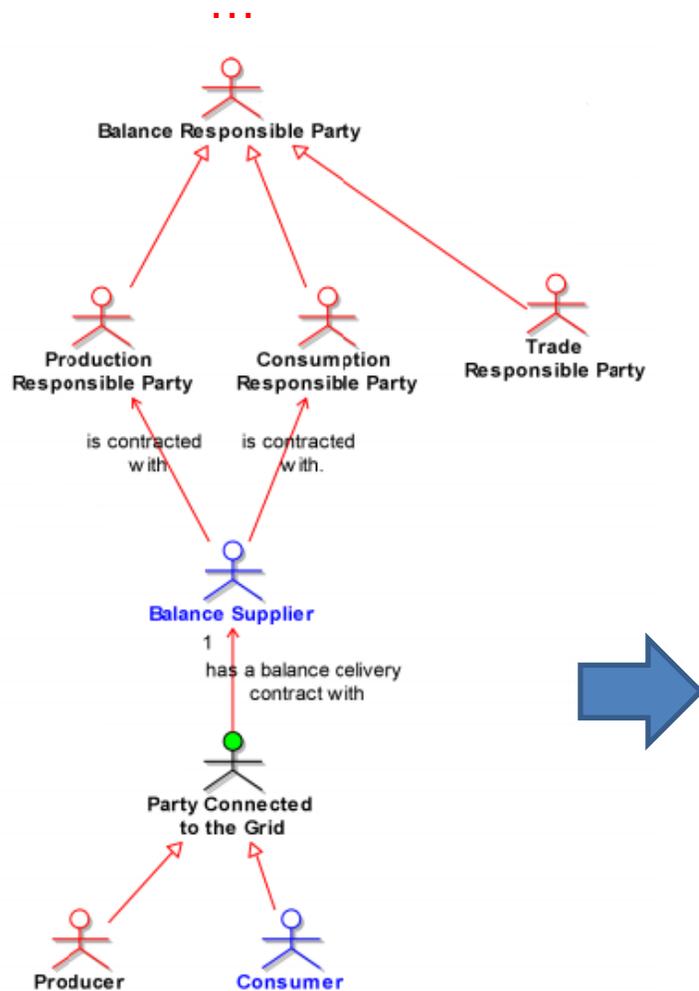
- Based on the MIRABEL data model
 - Common information model (CIM) by IEC
 - Represent major objects in an electric utility enterprise
 - Harmonized Electricity Market Role Model by ebIX[®], EFET and ENTSO-E
 - Define administrative data internally interchanged between European electricity markets

None of the existing models focus on storage of energy-related entities

- Schema is complete for the prototype of the MIRABEL system
- Types of data represented:
 - Actors and roles defined by the “Harmonized Electricity Market Role Model”
 - Flex-offers and time series

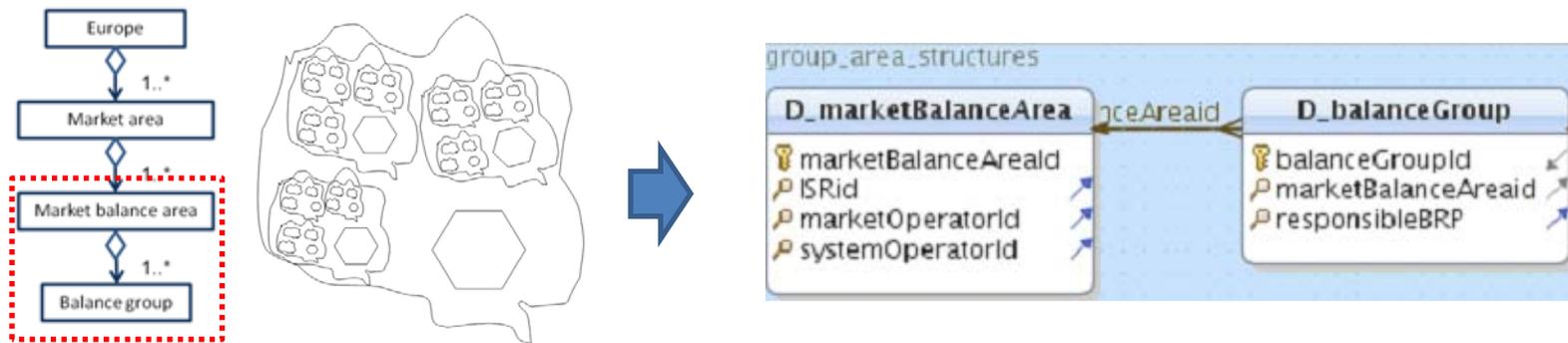
Actors and roles

- Actors plays one or more roles
- Roles may have specializations and/or interact with/reference other roles
- Schema represents actors



Roles from Harmonized Role Model

- An actor, for each role,
 - **Belongs** to one of the areas



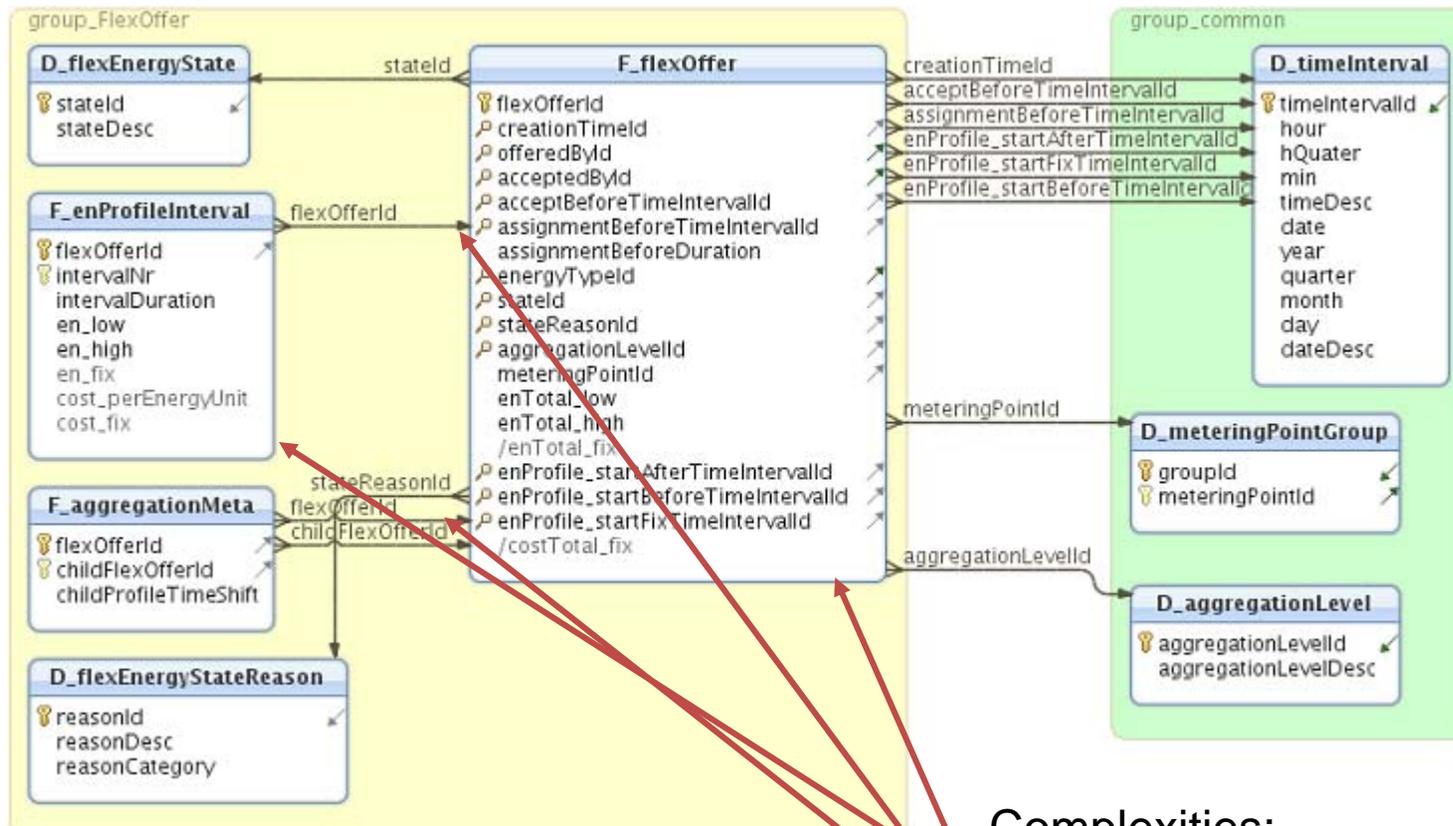
- **Warehouses** proprietary energy data

- Energy, power, prices, flex-offers
- Non-aggregated/aggregated
- Measured/forecasted



**Represent in our
schema**

Flex-offers



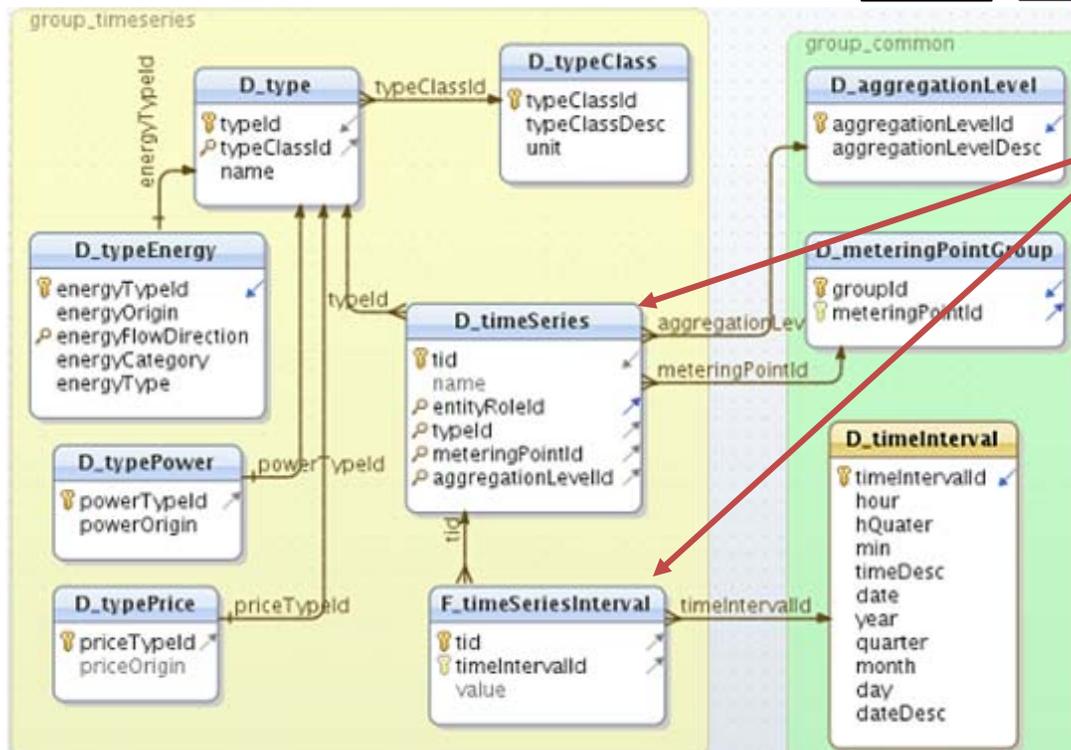
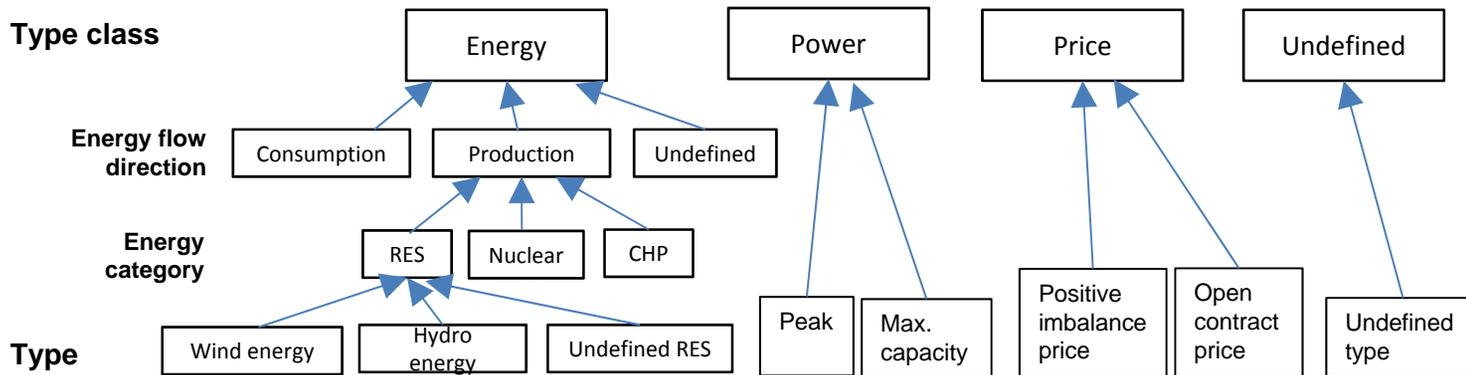
- Time is discretized
- Flex-offers of different aggregation levels
- Instances of flex-offers represented

Complexities:

- Non-atomic composed facts
- Facts about facts

Alternative designs are considered

Timeseries



Complexities:

➤ Composite facts

Alternative designs are considered

MIRABEL DW SCHEMA

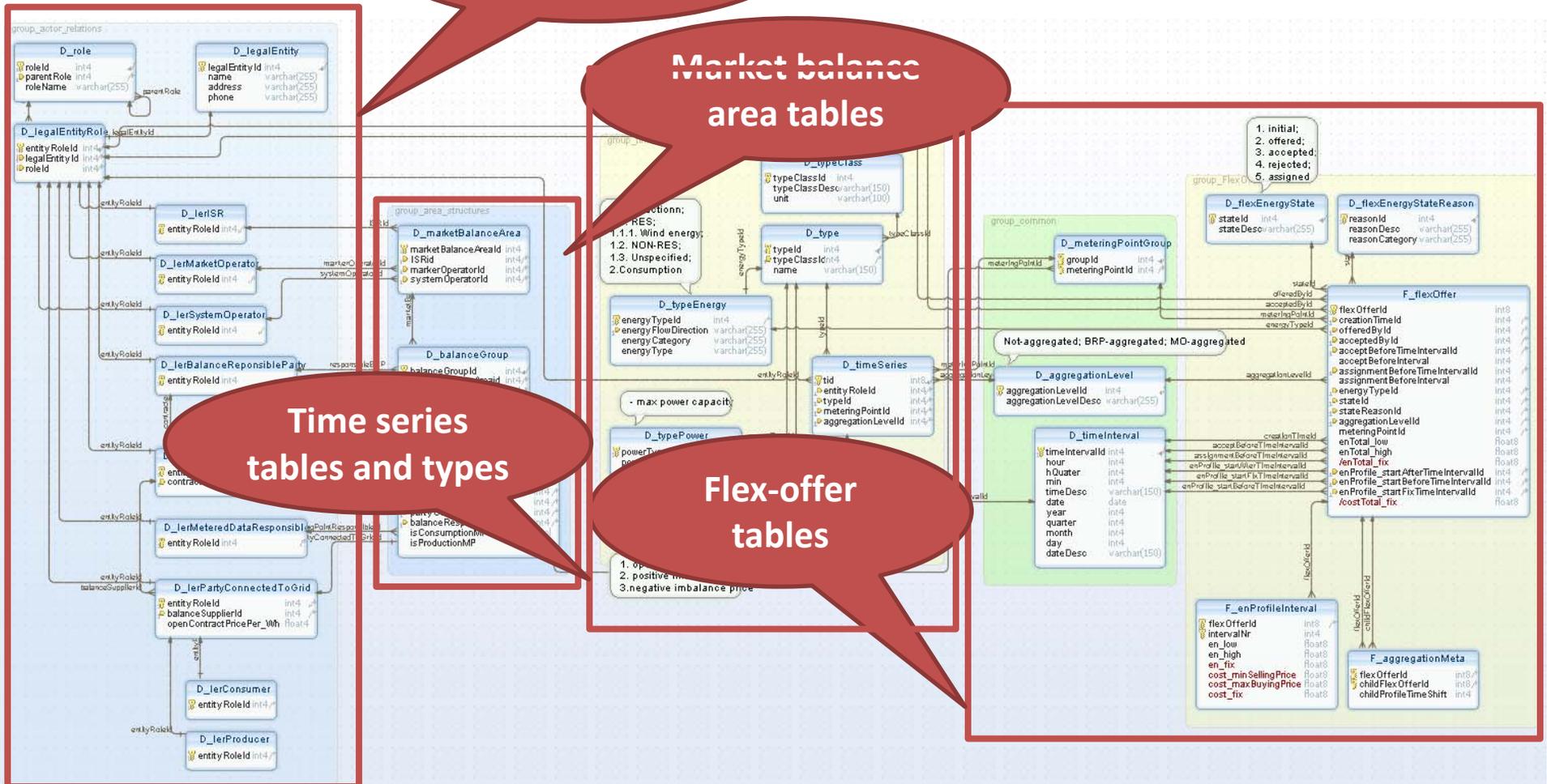
Full MIRABEL

Actor-role tables

Market balance area tables

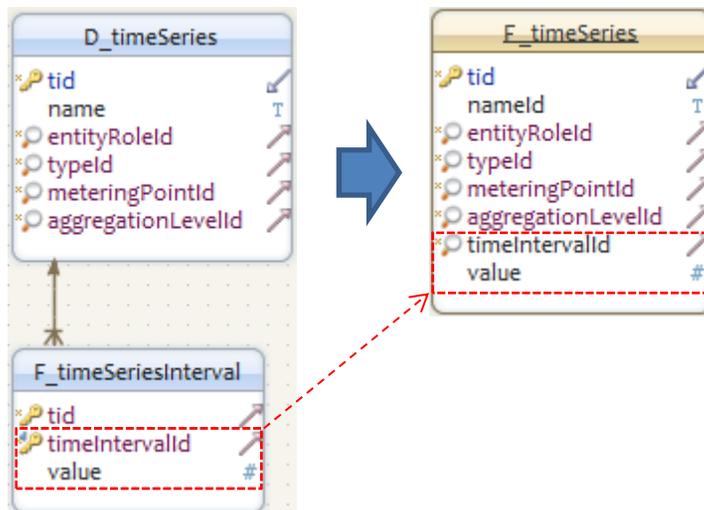
Time series tables and types

Flex-offer tables

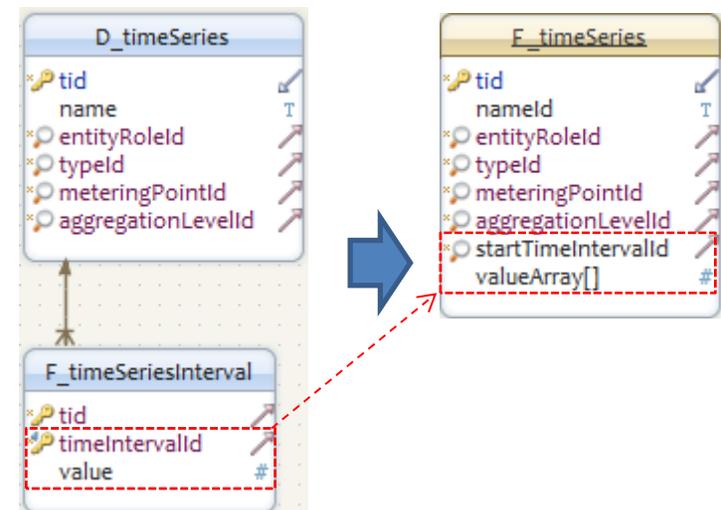


- **Objective:** optimize the schema for typical queries
- **Approach:** implement alternative schemas and run typical queries to evaluate them on realistic data
- **Schema alternatives:** flex-offer and time series design variants:

— Denormalized



— Array-based



Experiment setup

- Real energy consumption data: 963 time series, 32.1M values (MeRegio),
- Synthetically generated 3.1M flex-offers
- Linux server with 16 GB RAM, 2x Intel Xeon CPUs, 4 SATA 7200RPM disks
- PostgreSQL 9.1, tables are “fully vacuumed”
- Queries executed in round-robin fashion 5 times

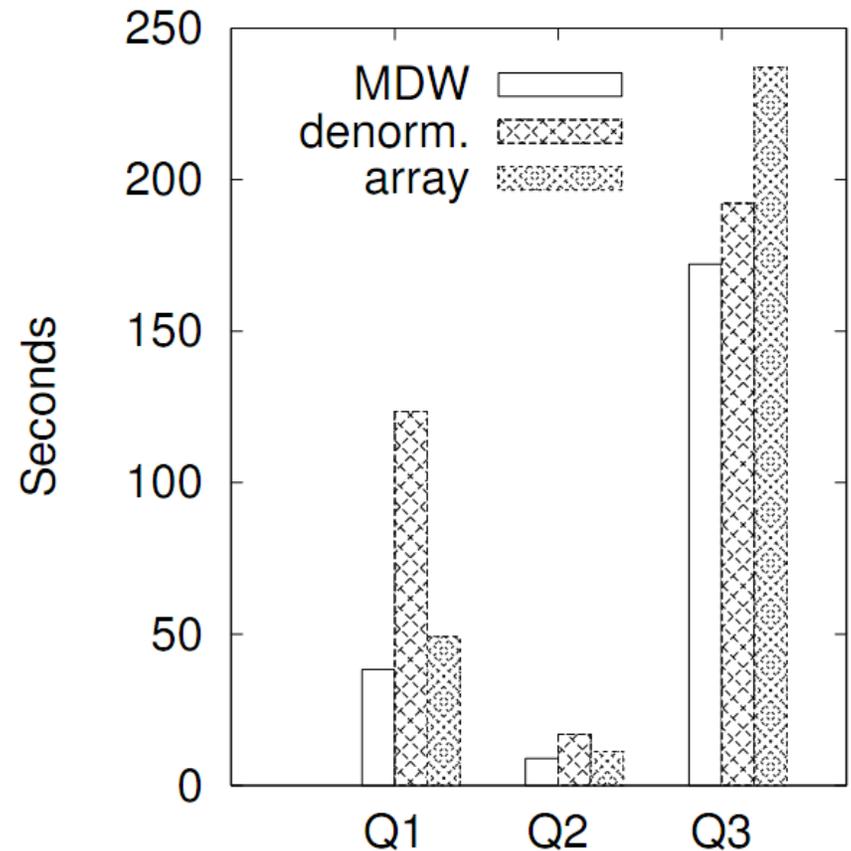
Experiments with flex-offer schema variants

Flex-offer queries

- Q1: Compute total flexibility per flex-offer
- Q2: Compute sum of all scheduled (fixed) energy
- Q3: Builds a time series that represents amounts of fixed energy

Results

- MDW variant is the fastest
- MDW variant uses optimal amount of space



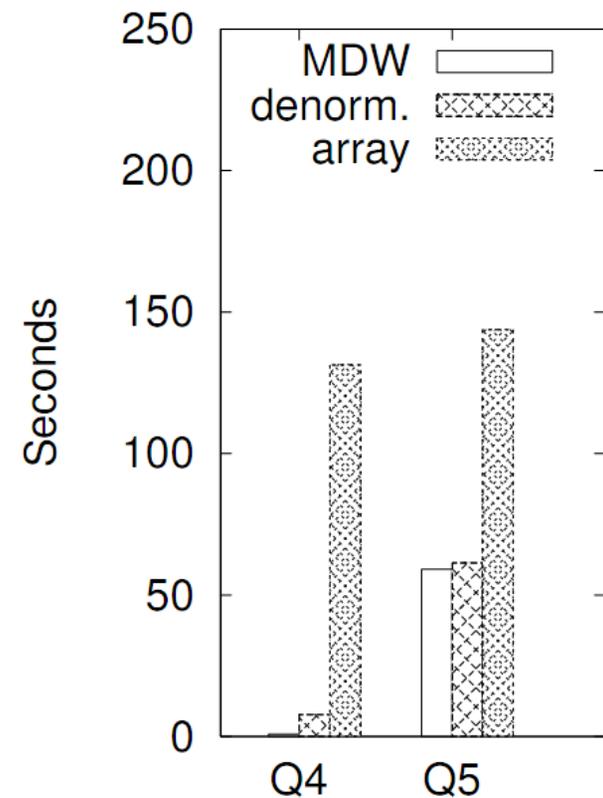
Experiments with timeseries schema variants

Time series queries

- Q4: Compute energy balance for 24h considering total demand and supply
- Q5: Find time series with average energy exceeding an average time series by 25%

Results

- MDW variant is the fastest
- MDW variant uses optimal amount of space



- (Future) distribution of DW
 - The schema will be replicated on all nodes of EDMS
 - Node holds only relevant data and of specific granularity



- Challenges
 - Propagation of data through the hierarchy, caching
 - Specialized versions of the schema for different types of nodes such that queries formulated on generic schema can be translated to the specialized schemas

- Designed a generic DW schema for complex energy data
- The schema has a number of interesting complexities
 - Facts about facts
 - Composed non-atomic facts
- The schema can be used by a different nodes of hierarchical system
- Evaluated different alternatives (denormalization, arrays)



Thank you!

QUESTIONS?